CITY OF BOYNTON BEACH PENSION PLAN FOR GENERAL EMPLOYEES

ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF OCTOBER 1, 2020

ANNUAL EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION IS DETERMINED BY THIS VALUATION FOR THE PLAN YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022





May 7, 2021

Board of Trustees City of Boynton Beach Pension Plan for General Employees Boynton Beach, Florida

Re: City of Boynton Beach Pension Plan for General Employees
Actuarial Valuation as of October 1, 2020 and Actuarial Disclosures

Dear Board Members:

The results of the October 1, 2020 Annual Actuarial Valuation of the City of Boynton Beach Pension Plan for General Employees are presented in this report.

This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Retirement System and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the System only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Board. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

The purposes of the valuation are to measure the System's funding progress, to determine the employer contribution amount for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, and to determine the actuarial information for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. This report also includes estimated GASB Statement No. 67 information for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021. This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purposes described herein. Determinations of financial results associated with the benefits described in this report for purposes other than those identified above may be significantly different.

The contribution amount in this report is determined using the actuarial assumptions and methods disclosed in Section B of this report. This report includes risk metrics in Section A but does not include a robust assessment of the risks of future experience not meeting the actuarial assumptions. A robust assessment of these risks was outside the scope of this assignment.

This valuation assumed the continuing ability of the plan sponsor to make the contributions necessary to fund this plan. A determination regarding whether or not the plan sponsor is actually able to do so is outside our scope of expertise and was not performed.

The findings in this report are based on data and other information through September 30, 2020. The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Plan Administrator concerning Retirement System benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal reasonability and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the Plan Administrator.

This report was prepared using certain assumptions approved by the Board as authorized under Florida Statutes and prescribed by the Florida Statutes as described in the section of this report entitled Actuarial

Board of Trustees City of Boynton Beach Pension Plan for General Employees May 7, 2021 Page ii

Assumptions and Cost Methods. The investment return assumption was prescribed by the Board and the assumed mortality rates detailed in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section were prescribed by the Florida Statutes in accordance with Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63. All actuarial assumptions used in this report are reasonable for purposes of this valuation.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which in our professional judgment has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the City of Boynton Beach Pension Plan for General Employees as of the valuation date. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, and with applicable statutes.

Peter N. Strong and Piotr Krekora are members of the American Academy of Actuaries. These actuaries meet the Academy's Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

This actuarial valuation and/or cost determination was prepared and completed by us or under our direct supervision, and we acknowledge responsibility for the results. To the best of our knowledge, the results are complete and accurate. In our opinion, the techniques and assumptions used are reasonable, meet the requirements and intent of Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, and are based on generally accepted actuarial principles and practices. There is no benefit or expense to be provided by the plan and/or paid from the plan's assets for which liabilities or current costs have not been established or otherwise taken into account in the valuation. All known events or trends which may require a material increase in plan costs or required contribution amounts have been taken into account in the valuation.

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company will be pleased to review this valuation and Report with the Board of Trustees and to answer any questions pertaining to the valuation.

Respectfully submitted,

GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY

Peter N. Strong, FSA, MAAA, FCA Enrolled Actuary No. 20-06975

Piotr Krekora, ASA, MAAA, FCA Enrolled Actuary No. 20-08432



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DISCUSSION OF VALUATION RESULTS

DISCUSSION OF VALUATION RESULTS

Comparison of Required Employer Contributions

A comparison of the required employer contribution developed in this and the last actuarial valuation is shown below. The contribution policy of the City is to contribute the dollar amount determined by multiplying the required percentage of payroll determined as of the valuation date by the projected pensionable payroll for the year.

	For FYE 9/30/22 Based On 10/01/2020 Valuation if contributed on 10/1/2021	For FYE 9/30/21 Based On 10/1/2019 Valuation if contributed on 10/1/2020	Increase (Decrease)	
Required Employer Contribution As % of Covered Payroll	\$ 7,134,561	\$ 7,468,676	\$ (334,115)	
	28.08 %	32.80 %	(4.72) %	

The employer contribution listed above is for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 and has been calculated as though payment is made in a single lump sum on October 1, 2021.

The actual City contribution for 2020 was \$7,289,319, an amount equal to the minimum required payment.

Revisions in Benefits

There have been no changes in benefits since the prior valuation.

Revisions in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

In compliance with Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63(1)(f) which mandates the use of the mortality tables used in either of the two most recently published actuarial valuation reports of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), the mortality tables and improvement scales have been changed to reflect the updated mortality assumptions adopted by FRS after a 2019 experience study and used in the July 1, 2019 and July 1, 2020 FRS Actuarial Valuations.

Based on the Assumption Study and Experience Review for the Seven Years Ended September 30, 2019, dated November 18, 2020, the following assumption changes have been adopted:

• Change in the assumed rates of salary increases reflecting somewhat lower overall observed salary increases, on average, than expected over the seven-year period ending September 30, 2019;



- Change in the assumed rates of retirement reflecting higher observed early retirement experience
 than expected, higher observed normal retirement experience than expected prior to age 62, and
 lower observed normal retirement experience than expected on and after age 62 over the sevenyear period ending September 30, 2019; and,
- Change in the assumed rates of separation from active membership (withdrawal) reflecting generally higher observed separation experience than expected over the seven-year period ending September 30, 2019.

Lastly, the assumed investment return assumption has been reduced by 0.18% from 7.08% per annum to 6.90% per annum, compounded annually and net of investment expenses. Results include a 0.3% load on Normal Retirement liabilities and a 0.7% load on DROP balances to value additional liabilities resulting from a 7.0% guaranteed interest crediting rate in the DROP (with an assumed rate of return in the Plan of 6.9%).

The net effect of all of the above assumption changes was to cause a decrease in the required employer contribution of 1.30% of covered payroll, or \$344,253.

Actuarial Experience

There was a net actuarial experience gain of \$2,187,129 during the year, which means actual experience was more favorable than expected. There were investment-related gains associated with the delayed recognition (in the Actuarial Value of Assets) of positive investment returns in fiscal years ending 2016, 2017 and 2018 (12.3%, 11.6% and 9.0% respectively). For the fiscal year ending 2020, the investment return based on the actuarial value of assets was 8.08% compared to the assumed annual investment return of 7.08%. The return on the market value of assets during fiscal year 2020 was 6.92%. There was also a net demographic experience gain due to higher mortality experience amongst retirees than expected (17 actual deaths versus 11 expected) and more vested terminations than expected (7 actual versus 4 expected), offset somewhat by losses from higher than expected salary increases (5.5% actual versus 5.3% expected) and more retirements than expected (15 actual versus 12 expected).

The net effect of the actuarial experience gain was to cause a decrease in the required employer contributions of 0.91% of covered payroll, or \$231,645.

Funded Ratio

The funded ratio this year is 91.2% compared to 87.9% last year. The funded ratio is equal to the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued (past service) liability. The funded ratio this year was 91.3% prior to reflecting the assumption changes.

Relationship to Market Value

If Market Value had been the basis for the valuation, the City contribution rate for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 would have been 28.66% (or \$7,281,927) and the funded ratio would have been 90.4%. This funded ratio (on a market value basis) is up from 88.3% last year. In the absence of assumption changes, plan changes and future gains and losses, the City contribution rate would be expected to increase toward that level over the next few years.



Analysis of Change in Employer Contribution

The components of change in the required contribution as a percent of payroll are as follows:

Contribution rate last year	32.80 %
Experience (Gain) / Loss	(0.91)
Change in Plan Benefits	0.00
Change is Assumptions and Methods	(1.30)
Change in Normal Cost Rate	(0.06)
Change in Payment on UAAL	(2.41)
Change in Administrative Expense	(0.04)
Contribution rate this year	28.08 %

According to the Florida Administrative Code, the payroll growth assumption may not exceed the average payroll growth over the last ten years. The ten year average rate this year was equal to (0.56%) compared to the assumed rate of 2.8%. Since the actual ten year average is less than 0%, there is no payroll growth assumption applied, and the unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount. This did not impact the contribution requirement this year, as the ten-year average payroll growth rate was also less than 0% for the previous valuation.

The change in payment on the UAAL was primarily caused by a 11.79% increase in covered payroll from October 1, 2019 to October 1, 2020 (as a result of an increase in active membership from 366 to 408 respectively). The UAAL amortization payments are scheduled to remain level each year (since there was no payroll growth assumption applied for the previous valuation), so when covered payroll increases, the amortization payment as a percentage of covered payroll decreases.

Required Contributions in Later Years

It is important to keep in mind that under the asset smoothing method, asset gains and losses are recognized over five years. As of September 30, 2020, the actuarial value of assets exceeded the market value by \$1,411,118. Once all the losses through September 30, 2020 are fully recognized in the actuarial asset values, the contribution rate will increase by approximately 0.58% of payroll unless there are offsetting experience gains or other changes. Also, since the unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount, the contribution rate should tend to decrease over time, assuming covered payroll increases in future years.

Conclusion

The Plan's funded ratio has improved from 74.5% as of October 1, 2012 to 91.2% as of October 1, 2020, even as the investment return assumption has been lowered over the same time period from 8.0% to 6.9%. If the investment return assumption had not been changed, the current funded ratio would be over 100%. This is a significant improvement in the funded status and overall health of the Plan over a relatively short timeframe (8 years). The investment return is scheduled to be reduced further in 0.10% annual increments until a target of 6.5% is reached.

The remainder of this Report includes detailed actuarial valuation results, financial information, miscellaneous information and statistics, and a summary of plan provisions.



RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH MEASURING THE ACCRUED LIABILITY AND ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION

The determination of the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution requires the use of assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. Risk measures, as illustrated in this report, are intended to aid in the understanding of the effects of future experience differing from the assumptions used in the course of the actuarial valuation. Risk measures may also help with illustrating the potential volatility in the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution that result from the differences between actual experience and the actuarial assumptions.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions due to changing conditions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period, or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The scope of an actuarial valuation does not include an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Examples of risk that may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition include:

- Investment risk actual investment returns may differ from the expected returns;
- 2. Contribution risk actual contributions may differ from expected future contributions. For example, actual contributions may not be made in accordance with the plan's funding policy or material changes may occur in the anticipated number of covered employees, covered payroll, or other relevant contribution base;
- 3. Salary and Payroll risk actual salaries and total payroll may differ from expected, resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected;
- 4. Longevity risk members may live longer or shorter than expected and receive pensions for a period of time other than assumed;
- 5. Other demographic risks members may terminate, retire or become disabled at times or with benefits other than assumed resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected.

The effects of certain trends in experience can generally be anticipated. For example if the investment return since the most recent actuarial valuation is less (or more) than the assumed rate, the cost of the plan can be expected to increase (or decrease). Likewise if longevity is improving (or worsening), increases (or decreases) in cost can be anticipated.

The computed contribution amount shown on page 1 may be considered as a minimum contribution amount that complies with the Board's funding policy. The timely receipt of the actuarially determined contributions is critical to support the financial health of the plan. Users of this report should be aware that contributions made at the actuarially determined rate do not necessarily guarantee benefit security.



Plan Maturity Measures

Risks facing a pension plan evolve over time. A young plan with virtually no investments and paying few benefits may experience little investment risk. An older plan with a large number of members in pay status and a significant trust may be much more exposed to investment risk. Generally accepted plan maturity measures include the following:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Ratio of the market value of assets to total payroll	7.1	7.6
Ratio of the actuarial accrued liability to payroll	7.9	8.6
Ratio of actives to retirees and beneficiaries	0.9	0.8
Ratio of net cash flow to net market value of assets (Net of DROP		
and Elective Benefits)	-1.6	-1.5
Duration of the actuarial accrued liability	12.6	11.2

Ratio of Market Value of Assets to Payroll

The relationship between assets and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions. For example, if the market value of assets is 2.0 times the payroll, a return on assets 5% different than assumed would equal 10% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in plan sponsor contributions as a percentage of payroll.

Ratio of Actuarial Accrued Liability to Payroll

The relationship between actuarial accrued liability and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions for a fully funded plan. A funding policy that targets a funded ratio of 100% is expected to result in the ratio of assets to payroll and the ratio of liability to payroll converging over time.

The ratio of liability to payroll may also be used as a measure of sensitivity of the liability itself. For example, if the actuarial accrued liability is 2.5 times the payroll, a change in liability 2% other than assumed would equal 5% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in liability (and also plan sponsor contributions) as a percentage of payroll.

Ratio of Actives to Retirees and Beneficiaries

A young plan with many active members and few retirees will have a high ratio of active to retirees. A mature open plan may have close to the same number of actives to retirees resulting in a ratio near 1.0. A super-mature or closed plan may have significantly more retirees than actives resulting in a ratio below 1.0.

Ratio of Net Cash Flow to Market Value of Assets

A positive net cash flow means contributions exceed benefits and expenses. A negative cash flow means existing funds are being used to make payments. A certain amount of negative net cash flow is generally



expected to occur when benefits are prefunded through a qualified trust. Large negative net cash flows as a percent of assets may indicate a super-mature plan or a need for additional contributions.

Duration of Actuarial Accrued Liability

The duration of the actuarial accrued liability may be used to approximate the sensitivity to a 1% change in the assumed rate of return. For example, duration of 10 indicates that the liability would increase approximately 10% if the assumed rate of return were lowered 1%.

Additional Risk Assessment

Additional risk assessment is outside the scope of the annual actuarial valuation. Additional assessment may include scenario tests, sensitivity tests, stochastic modeling, stress tests, and a comparison of the present value of accrued benefits at low-risk discount rates with the actuarial accrued liability.



SECTION B

VALUATION RESULTS

	PARTI	CIPANT DATA				
		t ober 1, 2020 After Changes	I	ober 1, 2020 fore Changes	Od	tober 1, 2019
ACTIVE MEMBERS						
Number		408		408		366
Covered Annual Payroll	\$	24,715,933	\$	24,762,121	\$	22,150,151
Average Annual Payroll	\$	60,578	\$	60,691	\$	60,520
Average Age		45.0		45.0		45.7
Average Past Service		8.3		8.3		9.4
Average Age at Hire		36.7		36.7		36.3
RETIREES & BENEFICIARIES & DROP			1		ļ	
Number		440		440		438
Annual Benefits	\$	12,010,865	\$	12,010,865	\$	11,633,555
Average Annual Benefit	\$	27,297	\$	27,297	\$	26,561
Average Age		69.7		69.7		69.7
DISABILITY RETIREES						
Number		1		1		1
Annual Benefits	\$	5,717	\$	5,717	\$	5,717
Average Annual Benefit	\$	5,717	\$	5,717	\$	5,717
Average Age		80.3		80.3		79.3
TERMINATED VESTED MEMBERS			ļ			
Number		52		52		50
Annual Benefits	\$	924,060	\$	924,060	\$	889,627
Average Annual Benefit	\$	17,770	\$	17,770	\$	17,793
Average Age		49.5	*	49.5	*	49.6



ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION (ADEC)						
A. Valuation Date	October 1, 2020 After Changes	October 1, 2020 Before Changes	October 1, 2019			
B. ADEC to Be Paid During Fiscal Year Ending	9/30/2022	9/30/2022	9/30/2021			
C. Assumed Date of Employer Contrib.	10/1/2021	10/1/2021	10/1/2020			
D. Annual Payment to Amortize Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$ 4,775,819	\$ 4,770,421	\$ 5,002,381			
E. Employer Normal Cost	2,164,877	2,505,360	2,263,375			
F. ADEC if Paid on the Valuation Date: D+E	6,940,696	7,275,781	7,265,756			
G. ADEC Adjusted for Frequency of Payments	6,940,696	7,275,781	7,265,756			
H. ADEC as % of Covered Payroll	28.08 %	29.38 %	32.80 %			
Assumed Rate of Increase in Covered Payroll to Contribution Year	2.80 %	2.80 %	2.80 %			
J. Covered Payroll for Contribution Year	25,407,979	25,455,460	22,770,355			
K. ADEC for Contribution Year: H x J	7,134,561	7,478,814	7,468,676			
L. ADEC as % of Covered Payroll in Contribution Year: K ÷ J	28.08 %	29.38 %	32.80 %			



	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF BENEFITS AND ASSETS						
Α.	Valuation Date	October 1, 2020 After Changes	October 1, 2020 Before Changes	October 1, 2019			
В.	Actuarial Present Value of All Projected Benefits for 1. Active Members						
	a. Service Retirement Benefits	\$ 76,830,974	\$ 84,855,422	\$ 80,765,942			
	b. Vesting Benefitsc. Disability Benefits	8,862,266 -	5,926,650 -	5,505,761 -			
	d. Preretirement Death Benefits	1,139,203	1,721,116	1,660,619			
	e. Return of Member Contributions	473,231	378,342	289,271			
	f. Total	87,305,674	92,881,530	88,221,593			
	2. Inactive Members						
	a. Service Retirees & Beneficiaries	126,708,868	126,739,640	122,965,919			
	b. Disability Retirees	44,909	46,900	48,053			
	c. Terminated Vested Members	6,865,192	6,866,343	<u>6,515,079</u>			
	d. Total	133,618,969	133,652,883	129,529,051			
	3. Total for All Members	220,924,643	226,534,413	217,750,644			
C.	Actuarial Accrued (Past Service)						
	Liability	195,045,408	194,790,887	189,712,697			
D.	Actuarial Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits per FASB No. 35	183,135,963	183,074,709	175,252,888			
F	Plan Assets						
١.	Market Value	176,382,148	176,382,148	167,460,763			
	2. Actuarial Value	177,793,266	177,793,266	166,770,475			
F.	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	17,252,142	16,997,621	22,942,222			
G.	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Covered Payroll	174,186,779	195,835,467	173,786,037			
Н.	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Member Contributions	12,193,075	13,708,483	12,165,022			
l.	Accumulated Contributions of Active Members	11,630,910	11,630,910	11,553,866			
J.	Funded Ratio: E2/C	91.2%	91.3%	87.9%			



CALCULATION OF EMPLOYER NORMAL COST						
A. Valuation Date	October 1, 2020 After Changes	October 1, 2020 Before Changes	October 1, 2019			
B. Normal Cost for						
 Service Retirement Benefits Vesting Benefits Disability Benefits Preretirement Death Benefits Return of Member Contributions Total for Future Benefits Assumed Amount for Administrative Expenses Total Normal Cost 	\$ 2,857,276 674,403 - 57,089 158,876 3,747,644 - 147,348 3,894,992	\$ 3,446,550 440,037 - 87,418 117,355 4,091,360 147,348 4,238,708	\$ 3,091,186 398,053 - 80,237 103,405 3,672,881 - 141,005 3,813,886			
C. Expected Member Contribution	1,730,115	1,733,348	1,550,511			
D. Employer Normal Cost: B8-C	2,164,877	2,505,360	2,263,375			
E. Employer Normal Cost as % of Covered Payroll	8.76 %	10.12 %	10.22 %			



LIQUIDATION OF THE UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

Original UAAL				Curre	nt UAAL	
Date Established	Source	Amount	Years Remaining	Amount	After Changes Payment	Before Changes Payment
10/1/14 10/1/15 10/1/16 10/1/16 10/1/17 10/1/17 10/1/18 10/1/18 10/1/19 10/1/19	Method Change; All Bases Combined Experience (Gain)/Loss Experience (Gain)/Loss Assumption Changes Experience (Gain)/Loss Assumption Changes Experience (Gain)/Loss Assumption Changes Experience (Gain)/Loss Experience (Gain)/Loss Assumption Changes Experience (Gain)/Loss	\$34,955,982 (3,180,306) 1,992,792 4,282,548 (1,037,851) 1,776,743 (2,345,780) 2,221,673 (27,302) 1,929,634 (2,187,129)	11 26 12 27 13 28 14 29	\$13,137,106 (2,310,073) 1,623,245 4,032,803 (895,490) 1,696,875 (2,126,702) 2,146,183 (26,188) 1,906,991 (2,187,129)	201,491 316,067 (104,905) 131,177 (236,690) 163,821 (2,784) 143,867 (223,218)	202,964 320,826 (105,739) 133,204 (238,716) 166,414 (2,810) 146,197 (225,392)
10/1/20	Assumption Changes	254,521 \$38,635,525	30	254,521 \$17,252,142	18,995 \$ 4,775,819	N/A \$ 4,770,421

Amortization Schedule

The UAAL is being amortized as a level percent of payroll over the number of years remaining in the amortization period. The expected amortization schedule is as follows:

Amortization Schedule					
Year	Expected UAAL				
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ 17,252,142 13,337,199 9,152,115 4,678,261 4,892,484				
2025 2030 2035 2040 2045 2050	5,121,488 6,526,493 6,677,217 4,573,199 1,635,968				

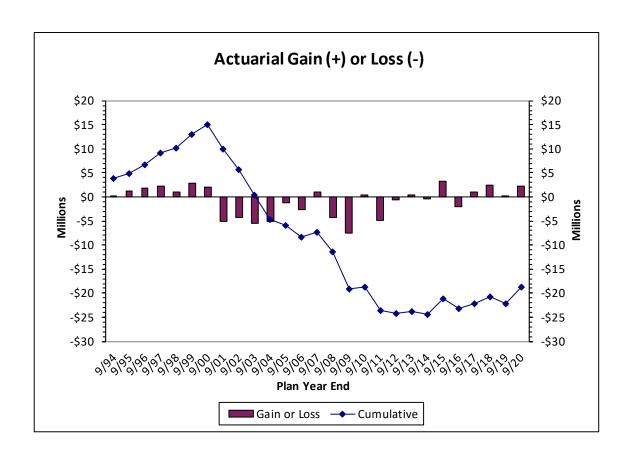


ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES

The assumptions used to anticipate mortality, employment turnover, investment income, expenses, salary increases, and other factors have been based on long range trends and expectations. Actual experience can vary from these expectations. The variance is measured by the gain and loss for the period involved. If significant long term experience reveals consistent deviation from what has been expected and that deviation is expected to continue, the assumptions should be modified. The net actuarial gain (loss) for the past year is computed as follows:

1. Last Year's UAAL	\$ 22,942,222
2. Last Year's Employer Normal Cost	2,263,375
3. Last Year's Contributions	7,289,319
4. Interest at the Assumed Rate on:	
a. 1 and 2 for one year	1,784,556
b. 3 from dates paid	516,084
c. a-b	1,268,472
5. This Year's Expected UAAL	
1+2-3+4c	19,184,750
6. This Year's Actual UAAL (Before any changes	
in benefits or assumptions)	16,997,621
7. Net Actuarial Gain (Loss): (5) - (6)	2,187,129
8. Gain (Loss) due to investments	1,849,111
9. Gain (Loss) due to other sources	338,018







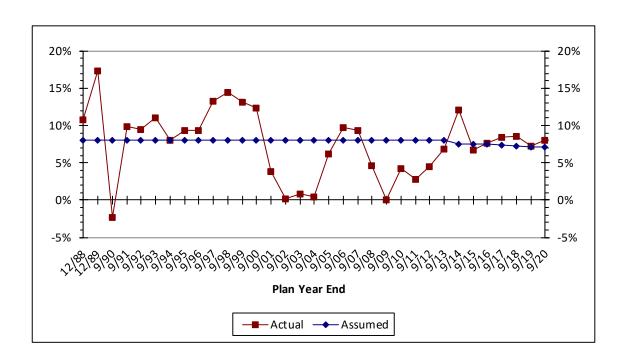
The fund earnings and salary increase assumptions have considerable impact on the cost of the Plan so it is important that they are in line with the actual experience. The following table shows the actual fund earnings and salary increase rates compared to the assumed rates for the last several years:

	Investme	nt Return	Salary	Increases
Year Ending	Actual	Assumed	Actual	Assumed
12/31/1988	10.8 %	8.0 %	6.7 %	6.5 %
12/31/1989	17.4	8.0	8.8	6.5
9/30/1990 (9 mos.)	(2.3)	8.0	11.0	6.5
9/30/1991	9.9	8.0	10.3	7.5
9/30/1992	9.5	8.0	5.3	7.9
9/30/1993	11.0	8.0	2.5	7.9
9/30/1994	8.0	8.0	5.8	7.9
9/30/1995	9.3	8.0	3.6	7.9
9/30/1996	9.4	8.0	2.4	7.4
9/30/1997	13.3	8.0	4.3	7.4
9/30/1998	14.5	8.0	8.0	7.4
9/30/1999	13.2	8.0	4.8	7.4
9/30/2000	12.3	8.0	10.8	7.3
9/30/2001	3.9	8.0	8.0	5.6
9/30/2002	0.2	8.0	4.4	5.6
9/30/2003	0.8	8.0	7.1	5.6
9/30/2004	0.5	8.0	8.1	5.6
9/30/2005	6.2	8.0	4.5	5.6
9/30/2006	9.7	8.0	14.8	5.6
9/30/2007	9.3	8.0	5.8	5.6
9/30/2008	4.6	8.0	5.7	5.4
9/30/2009	0.1	8.0	4.8	5.4
9/30/2010	4.3	8.0	(0.7)	5.4
9/30/2011	2.8	8.0	3.9	5.3
9/30/2012	4.5	8.0	(2.0)	5.3
9/30/2013	6.9	8.0	2.0	5.3
9/30/2014	12.1	7.5	3.5	2.8
9/30/2015	6.7	7.5	2.5	2.8
9/30/2016	7.6	7.5	5.2	2.8
9/30/2017	8.4	7.4	6.7	5.3
9/30/2018	8.6	7.3	2.6	5.2
9/30/2019	7.3	7.18	5.7	5.2
9/30/2020	8.1	7.08	5.5	5.3
Averages	7.5 %		5.5 %	

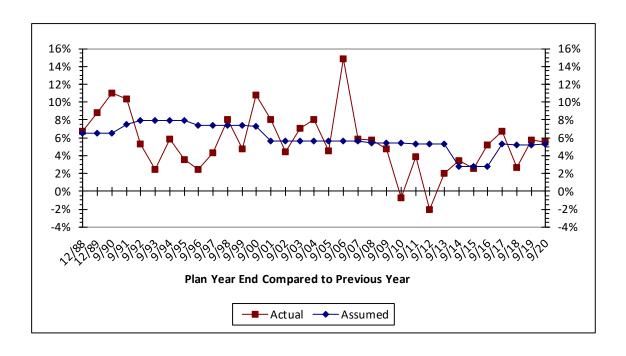
The actual investment return rates shown above are based on the actuarial value of assets. The actual salary increase rates shown above are the increases received by those active members who were included in the actuarial valuation both at the beginning and the end of each period.



History of Investment Return Based on Actuarial Value of Assets



History of Salary Increases





Actual (A) Compared to Expected (E) Decrements Among Active Employees

Year	Num Add Dur Ye	ded	DF	ice & ROP ement		bility ement	De	ath	Vested	Termir Other		tals	Active Members End of
Ended	Α	E	Α	E	Α	Е	Α	Е	Α	Α	Α	E	Year
9/30/2002 9/30/2003	41 40	48 45	15 11	8 11	0	0	1 0	0	6 9	26 25	32 34	53 44	542 537
9/30/2004	50	77	39	10	0	0	1	1	7	30	37	39	510
9/30/2004	54	53	12	9	0	0	1	1	11	29	40	37	511
9/30/2006	70	56	9	11	0	0	1	1	17	29	46	36	525
9/30/2007	65	50	10	11	0	0	2	1	15	23	38	40	540
9/30/2008	35	49	10	11	0	0	1	1	14	24	38	41	526
9/30/2009	18	34	13	15	0	0	1	1	3	17	20	34	510
9/30/2010	10	41	21	21	0	0	2	1	7	11	18	34	479
9/30/2011	8	92	34	15	0	0	3	1	33	22	55	20	395
9/30/2012	36	44	16	14	0	0	1	1	9	18	27	14	387
9/30/2013	52	53	19	13	0	0	1	1	14	19	33	20	386
9/30/2014	39	46	15	15	0	0	1	1	12	18	30	26	379
9/30/2015	62	65	24	16	0	0	2	1	9	30	39	25	376
9/30/2016	54	58	19	8	0	0	1	1	10	28	38	31	372
9/30/2017	66	55	18	13	0	0	1	1	7	29	36	31	383
9/30/2018	35	46	14	10	0	0	0	1	7	25	32	33	372
9/30/2019	44	50	17	11	0	0	0	1	8	25	33	28	366
9/30/2020	87	45	15	12	0	0	1	1	7	22	29	29	408
9/30/2021				14		0		0				45	
19 Yr Totals *	866	1007	331	234	0	0	21	18	205	450	655	615	

^{*} Totals are through current Plan Year only.



Cumulative Gains and Losses (13Th Check)

	Cumulative Actuarial Gains (Losses)								
Year Ending 9/30	Balance at Beginning of Year	Gain (Loss) for Year	13th Check	Balance at End of Year					
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	(5,127,867) (9,355,275) (14,753,462) (19,977,242)	(5,127,867) (4,227,408) (5,398,187) (4,994,196) (1,174,319)	0 0 0 229,585 0	(5,127,867) (9,355,275) (14,753,462) (19,977,242) (21,151,561)					
2003 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	(21,151,561) (23,746,428) (22,651,115) (26,838,449) (34,384,083)	(2,594,867) 1,095,313 (4,187,334) (7,545,634) 390,808	0 0 0 0	(23,746,428) (22,651,115) (26,838,449) (34,384,083) (33,993,275)					
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	(33,993,275) (38,872,795) (39,517,586) (39,196,438) (39,682,488)	(4,879,520) (644,791) 321,148 (486,050) 3,180,306	0 0 0 0	(38,872,795) (39,517,586) (39,196,438) (39,682,488) (36,502,182)					
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	(36,502,182) (38,494,974) (37,457,123) (35,111,343) (35,084,041)	(1,992,792) 1,037,851 2,345,780 27,302 2,187,129	0 0 0 0	(38,494,974) (37,457,123) (35,111,343) (35,084,041) (32,896,912)					

Note: The 13th check provision was enacted by Ordinance No. 02-026. The first year that the 13th check was based on is the year ended 9/30/2001.



RECENT HISTORY OF VALUATION RESULTS									
		ber of	Covered	Actuarial	Actuarial		Unfunded	Employer	
Valuation	Active	Inactive	Annual	Accrued	Value of	Funded	AAL	Normal Cost	
Date	Members	Members	Payroll	Liability (AAL)	Assets	Ratio	(UFAAL)	Rate	
10/1/90	482	75	\$ 12,420	\$ 24,889	\$ 16,850	67.7 %	\$ 8,039	7.36 %	
10/1/91	471	87	13,102	27,010	19,734	73.1	7,276	7.74	
10/1/92	450	94	12,941	28,851	22,703	78.7	6,148	8.07	
10/1/93	460	94	13,019	30,143	26,050	86.4	4,093	8.81	
10/1/94	464	99	13,624	32,946	29,302	88.9	3,644	8.54	
10/1/95	469	107	13,912	35,345	33,038	93.5	2,307	8.99	
10/1/96	475	112	14,216	37,310	36,927	99.0	383	9.13	
10/1/97	476	124	14,485	41,351	42,227	102.1	(876)	9.50	
10/1/98	470	150	15,946	46,076	47,971	104.1	(1,895)	8.77	
10/1/99	499	153	17,094	49,546	53,943	108.9	(4,397)	8.37	
10/1/00	526	155	18,984	57,605	60,452	104.9	(2,847)	7.49	
10/1/01	549	178	20,548	65,223	62,194	95.4	3,029	6.89	
10/1/02	542	187	20,937	69,575	62,227	89.4	7,348	6.89	
10/1/03	537	200	21,995	75,848	62,499	82.4	13,350	7.11	
10/1/04	510	241	21,211	83,258	62,845	75.5	20,413	7.22	
10/1/05	511	249	21,739	88,499	66,477	75.1	22,022	7.14	
10/1/06	525	256	24,942	98,272	73,022	74.3	25,250	7.16	
10/1/07	540	268	26,601	104,360	79,841	76.5	24,519	7.33	
10/1/08	526	276	27,853	112,907	84,042	74.4	28,865	7.32	
10/1/09	510	285	28,182	121,690	90,975	74.8	30,715	7.56	
10/1/10	479	299	26,149	125,795	96,128	76.4	29,667	7.43	
10/1/11	395	350	22,183	132,394	98,246	74.2	34,148	7.85	
10/1/12	387	371	20,957	135,450	100,908	74.5	34,542	7.91	
10/1/13	386	387	20,496	143,760	107,263	74.6	36,497	8.16	
10/1/14	379	407	20,315	155,232	120,276	77.5	34,956	8.89	
10/1/15	376	425	19,961	156,905	128,384	81.8	28,521	8.69	
10/1/16	372	451	20,616	167,539	136,924	81.7	30,615	9.30	
10/1/17	383	458	22,019	174,749	146,536	83.9	28,213	9.59	
10/1/18	372	471	21,744	182,265	157,480	86.4	24,785	9.96	
10/1/19	366	489	22,150	189,713	166,770	87.9	22,942	10.22	
10/1/20	408	493	24,716	195,045	177,793	91.2	17,252	8.76	

Note: Dollar amounts are in thousands.



RECENT HISTORY OF REQUIRED AND ACTUAL CONTRIBUTIONS **Required Employer Contribution Applies to Fiscal Valuation Year Ending Actual** % of Payroll **Amount** Contribution \$ 9/30/90 1/1/89 1,184,478 10.50 % 1,184,478 1/1/90 9/30/91 10.50 1,249,624 1,291,072 10/1/90 9/30/91 1,503,350 11.17 1,503,350 10/1/91 9/30/92 10.93 1,551,773 1,551,773 10/1/92 9/30/93 1,611,251 11.49 1,611,251 10/1/93 9/30/94 1,539,169 10.91 1,539,169 10/1/94 9/30/95 1,505,804 10.20 1,505,804 10/1/95 9/30/96 1,339,622 8.95 1,339,622 9/30/97 7.81 10/1/96 1,168,158 1,180,810 10/1/97 9/30/98 1,069,863 7.02 1,069,863 10/1/98 9/30/99 952,994 5.68 952,994 10/1/99 9/30/00 686,732 3.82 686,732 9/30/01 595,970 3.03 595,970 10/1/00 10/1/01 9/30/02 1,039,900 4.88 1,039,900 10/1/02 9/30/03 1,542,574 7.37 1,542,574 10/1/03 9/30/04 2,243,356 10.20 2,243,356 10/1/04 9/30/05 2,851,454 13.44 2,851,454 10/1/05 9/30/06 2,805,595 12.91 2,805,595 10/1/06 9/30/07 3,584,452 14.37 3,584,452 10/1/07 9/30/08 3,909,961 14.70 3,909,961 10/1/08 9/30/09 4,800,411 17.24 4,800,411 10/1/09 9/30/10 19.22 5,415,919 5,415,919 10/1/09 9/30/11 4,694,544 18.43 4,694,545 10/1/10 9/30/12 4,502,590 19.40 4,502,590 9/30/13 27.80 10/1/11 6,630,714 6,630,714 10/1/12 9/30/14 6,780,773 31.35 6,780,773 10/1/13 9/30/15 7,273,067 33.43 7,273,068 10/1/14 9/30/16 7,608,338 33.99 7,615,053 10/1/15 9/30/17 6,951,693 32.24 6,951,693 10/1/16 9/30/18 7,110,298 33.55 7,110,298 10/1/17 9/30/19 7,320,463 32.34 7,320,463 10/1/18 9/30/20 7,289,319 32.61 7,289,319 10/1/19 9/30/21 7,468,676 32.80 na 9/30/22 28.08 10/1/20 7,134,561 na



ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND COST METHOD

Valuation Methods

Actuarial Cost Method - Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date were determined using an **Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method** having the following characteristics:

- (i) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains/(losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (full funding credit if assets exceed liabilities) were amortized as a level (principal & interest combined) percent of payroll. The actual payroll growth average over the last 10 years was (0.56%) compared to the assumed rate of 2.8%. Florida administrative code requires using the lesser of the two rates for purposes of amortizing unfunded liabilities as a level percent of pay, but not less than zero.

Actuarial Value of Assets - The Actuarial Value of Assets phase in the difference between the expected investment earnings and actual investment earnings at the rate of 20% per year. The Actuarial Value of Assets will be further adjusted to the extent necessary to fall within the corridor whose lower limit is 80% of the Market Value of plan assets and whose upper limit is 120% of the Market Value of plan assets. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, Actuarial Value of Assets will tend to be less than Market Value. During periods when investment performance is less than assumed rate, Actuarial Value of Assets will tend to be greater than Market Value.

Valuation Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are shown in this Section.

Economic Assumptions

The investment return rate assumed in the valuation is 6.90% per year, compounded annually (net after investment expenses). This rate was 7.08% in the previous valuation.

The **Inflation Rate** assumed in this valuation was 2.5% per year. *This rate was 2.8% in the previous valuation*. The Inflation Rate is defined to be the expected long-term rate of increases in the prices of goods and services.

The assumed **real rate of return** over inflation is defined to be the portion of total investment return that is more than the assumed inflation rate. Considering other economic assumptions, the 6.90% investment return rate translates to an assumed real rate of return over inflation of 4.40%.



The rates of salary increase used for individual members are in accordance with the following table below and are based on the Experience Study dated November 18, 2020. Part of the assumption is for productivity, merit and/or seniority increases, and 2.5% recognizes inflation. The old assumption table was used in the previous valuation.

New Assumption Table

% Increase in Salary

	/* III 61 C 45 C 111 G		· y	
Years of	Merit and	Base	Total	-
Service	Seniority	(Economic)	Increase	_
1-2	5.60%	2.50%	8.10%	
3	4.00%	2.50%	6.50%	
4-7	2.60%	2.50%	5.10%	
8-14	2.05%	2.50%	4.55%	
15-19	1.50%	2.50%	4.00%	
20+	0.75%	2.50%	3.25%	

Old Assumption Table

% Increase in Salary

ears of	Merit and	Base	Total	
Service	Seniority	(Economic)	Increase	
1-2	5.8%	2.8%	8.6%	
3-9	3.0%	2.8%	5.8%	
10-14	1.7%	2.8%	4.5%	
15-19	1.2%	2.8%	4.0%	
20+	0.7%	2.8%	3.5%	
1-2 3-9 10-14 15-19	5.8% 3.0% 1.7% 1.2%	2.8% 2.8% 2.8% 2.8%	8.6% 5.8% 4.5% 4.0%	

Demographic Assumptions

The mortality table is the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below-Median Employee Mortality Table (for pre-retirement mortality) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below-Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table (for postretirement mortality), with separate rates for males and females and mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. For males, the base mortality rates are set back one year. These are the same rates in use for Regular (other than K-12 School Instructional Personnel) members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in their July 1, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63(1)(f) mandates the use of the mortality tables used in either of the two most recently published actuarial valuation reports of FRS.

The following tables present postretirement mortality rates and life expectancies at illustrative ages. These assumptions are used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.



Healthy Postretirement Mortality

Sample	Proba	Probability of			Future L	ife
Attained	Dying	Next	Year	Ex	pectancy	(years)
Ages (in 2020)	Men	V	Vomer	1	Men	Women
50	0.19	%	0.58	%	33.04	36.86
55	0.97		0.58		28.67	32.42
60	1.15		0.60		24.59	27.89
65	1.29		0.69		20.55	23.32
70	1.80		1.10		16.55	18.85
75	2.88		1.90		12.85	14.66
80	4.87		3.44		9.58	10.92

The following tables present pre-retirement mortality rates and life expectancies at illustrative ages. These assumptions are used to measure the probabilities of active members dying prior to retirement.

Healthy Pre-Retirement Mortality

Sample Attained	Probability of Dying Next Year		Ex	Future L pectancy		
Ages (in 2020)	Men	,	Womei	n	Men	Women
50	0.19	%	0.11	%	37.64	40.19
55	0.30		0.17		32.63	35.06
60	0.46		0.26		27.78	30.04
65	0.65		0.37		23.10	25.13
70	0.90		0.57		18.56	20.31
75	1.36		0.94		14.13	15.62
80	2.15		1.59		9.83	11.12

For disabled retirees, the mortality table is the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Disabled Retiree Table with ages set forward 3 years for males and females, with no provision being made for future mortality improvements. These are the same rates in use for Regular (other than K-12 School Instructional Personnel) members of FRS in the July 1, 2020 FRS Actuarial Valuation.

Disabled Mortality

Sample	Proba	Probability of			Future L	ife
Attained	Dying	Next	Year	Ex	pectancy	(years)
Ages (in 2020)	Men	1	Womer	า	Men	Women
50	2.02	%	1.64	%	20.99	23.92
55	2.53		1.91		18.18	20.88
60	3.08		2.27		15.50	17.88
65	3.93		2.83		12.94	14.91
70	5.08		3.79		10.53	12.07
75	6.98		5.46		8.29	9.45
80	10.12		8.31		6.33	7.19



In the previous valuation, this assumption was the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table (for pre-retirement mortality) and the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants (for postretirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates included a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates included a 100% white collar adjustment. For disabled retirees, the mortality table used was the RP-2000 for Disabled Annuitants with ages set back 4 years for males and set forward 2 years for females, with no provision being made for future mortality improvements.

The rates of retirement used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year were as follows and are based on the Experience Study dated November 18, 2020. The old assumption table was used in the previous valuation.

New Assumption Table

Ear	Early Retirement			mal Retireme	<u>ent</u>
Retirement Age	Years of Service	Percent Retiring	Retirement Age	Years of Service	Percent Retiring
52-54	25 - 29	15%	Under 55	30 & Over	100%
55-60	10 - 14 15 - 24	3% 8%	55	25 - 29 30 & Over	90% 100%
61	10 - 24	20%	56 - 61	25 26-29 30 & Over	80% 50% 100%
			62 & Over	5	60%
			62	6 - 11 12 & Over	20% 70%
			63 - 65	6 - 9 10 & Over	20% 30%
			66 - 68	6 & Over	40%
			69	6 - 29 30 & Over	70% 100%
			70 & Over	6 & Over	100%



Old Assumption Table

Years after <u>Attainment of NRD</u> At NRD NRD + 1	<u>Rate</u> 80% 30
NRD + 1 NRD + 2 NRD + 3 NRD + 4	30 30 30 30
NRD + 5	100

Assumed rate is 5% for each year eligible for Early Retirement.

Rates of separation from active membership were as shown below (rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death) and are based on the Experience Study dated November 18, 2020. This assumption measures the probabilities of members separating from employment for reasons other than death or retirement. The old assumption table was used in the previous valuation.

New Assumption Table

Sample Ages	Years of Service	Percent Separating within Next Year
ALL	0	30.0%
	1	24.0
	2	13.5
	3	10.0
	4	10.0
	5-6	8.0
	7-9	6.0
Under 40	10 & Over	6.0
	10 & Over	
40 - 44		4.0
45 & Over		3.0



Old Assumption Table

Sample Ages	Years of Service	Percent Separating within Next Year
ALL	0	34.0%
	1	21.3
	2	12.8
	3	8.5
	4	6.0
25	5 & Over	5.1
30		5.1
35		5.1
40		5.1
-		
45		3.0
50		1.3
55		1.3
60		1.3



Miscellaneous and Technical Assumptions

Administrative & Investment Expenses The investment return assumption is intended to be the return net of investment expenses. Annual administrative expenses are assumed to be the same as last year's actual non-investment expenses. Assumed administrative expenses are added to the Normal Cost.

Benefit Service

Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.

Decrement Operation

Mortality decrements operate during retirement eligibility.

Decrement Timing

Decrements of all types are assumed to occur at the beginning of the year.

DROP Liability Load

A 0.3% load on Normal Retirement liabilities and a 0.7% load on DROP balances are applied to value additional liabilities resulting from a 7.0% guaranteed interest crediting rate in the DROP (with an assumed rate of return in the Plan of 6.9%). In the previous valuation, there was no DROP Liability Load (since the assumed rate of return in the Plan exceeded 7.0%).

Eligibility Testing

Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.

Forfeitures

For vested separations from service, it is assumed that 0% of members separating will withdraw their contributions and forfeit an employer financed benefit. It was further assumed that the liability at termination is the greater of the vested deferred benefit (if any) or the member's accumulated contributions.

Incidence of Contributions

Employer contributions are assumed to be made at the beginning of the fiscal year. Member contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made.

Liability Load

Projected retirement benefits are loaded by a unique amount for each member to allow for the inclusion of unused sick and vacation pay in final average earnings. These individual loads are based on the number of hours of unused sick and vacation reported for each member as of June 17, 2013.

Marriage Assumption

100% of males and 100% of females are assumed to be married for purposes of death-in-service benefits. Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses for active member valuation purposes.

Normal Form of Benefit

A life annuity is the normal form of benefit.



Pay Increase Timing Middle of fiscal year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported pays

represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the

valuation date.

Service Credit Accruals It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.



GLOSSARY

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.

Actuarial Cost Method

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Actuarial Equivalent

Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Present Value (APV)

The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.

Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits (APVFB)

The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

Actuarial Valuation

The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for compliance with GASB.

Actuarial Value of Assets

The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially determined employer contribution (ADEC).



Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution (ADEC) The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation, determined under GASB. The ADEC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.

Amortization Method

A method for determining the Amortization Payment. The most common methods used are level dollar and level percentage of payroll. Under the Level Dollar method, the Amortization Payment is one of a stream of payments, all equal, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization Payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.

Amortization Payment

That portion of the plan contribution or ADEC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Amortization Period

The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.

Closed Amortization Period

A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.

Employer Normal Cost

The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

Equivalent Single
Amortization Period

For plans that do not establish separate amortization bases (separate components of the UAAL), this is the same as the Amortization Period. For plans that do establish separate amortization bases, this is the period over which the UAAL would be amortized if all amortization bases were combined upon the current UAAL payment.

Experience Gain/Loss

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

Funded Ratio

The ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Actuarial Accrued Liability.



GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

GASB No. 68 and GASB No. 67 These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 68 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

Normal Cost The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current

plan year.

Open Amortization Period An open amortization period is one which is used to determine the

Amortization Payment but which does not change over time. In other words, if the initial period is set as 30 years, the same 30-year period is used in determining the Amortization Period each year. In theory, if an Open Amortization Period is used to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the UAAL will never completely disappear, but will become smaller

each year, either as a dollar amount or in relation to covered payroll.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued

Liability

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value

of Assets.

Valuation Date The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are

determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted

to this date.





PENSION FUND INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF PLAN ASSETS

			September 30					
	Item		2020		2019			
A. C	Cash and Cash Equivalents (Operating Cash)	\$	-	\$	-			
B. R	Receivables:							
	Member Contributions	\$	-	\$	_			
	2. Employer Contributions	Ψ	-	Y	_			
	3. Investment Income and Other Receivables		564,228		318,521			
	4. Prepaid Expenses		4,596		5,993			
	5. Total Receivables	\$	568,824	\$	324,514			
C. Ir	nvestments							
	1. Short Term Investments	\$	2,863,652	\$	2,740,656			
	2. Domestic Equities		132,052,684		124,126,086			
	3. International Equities		-		-			
	4. Domestic Fixed Income		26,958,609		25,366,693			
	5. International Fixed Income		-		-			
	6. Real Estate		32,390,460		32,090,565			
	7. Private Equity		-		-			
	8. Total Investments	\$	194,265,405	\$	184,324,000			
D. Li	iabilities							
	1. Benefits Payable	\$	_	\$	_			
	2. Accrued Expenses and Other Payables		_		_			
	3. Accounts Payable		(300,094)		(293,396)			
	4. Due to Brokers		(461,326)		(336,734)			
	5. Total Liabilities	\$	(761,420)	\$	(630,130)			
E. To	Total Market Value of Assets Available for Benefits	\$	194,072,809	\$	184,018,384			
F. R	Reserves							
	1. Elective Benefits		(321,997)		(360,069)			
	2. DROP Accounts		(17,368,664)		(16,197,552)			
	3. Total Reserves	\$	(17,690,661)	\$	(16,557,621)			
G. N	Market Value Net of Reserves	\$	176,382,148	\$	167,460,763			
H. A	Allocation of Investments							
	1. Short Term Investments		1.5%		1.5%			
	2. Domestic Equities		68.0%		67.3%			
	3. International Equities		0.0%		0.0%			
	4. Domestic Fixed Income		13.9%		13.8%			
	5. International Fixed Income		0.0%		0.0%			
	6. Real Estate		16.6%		17.4%			
	7. Private Equity		0.0%		0.0%			
	8. Total Investments		100.0%		100.0%			



RECONCILIATION OF PLAN ASSETS

				September 30				
		Ite	<u>m</u>		2020	2019		
Α.	Mar	ket V	alue of Assets at Beginning of Year	\$	184,018,384	\$	179,720,765	
В.	Rev	enues	s and Expenditures					
	1.	Con	tributions					
		a.	Employee Contributions	\$	1,687,097	\$	1,564,653	
		b.	Employer Contributions		7,289,319		7,320,463	
		c.	State Contributions		-		-	
		d.	Other Income		-			
		e.	Total	\$	8,976,416	\$	8,885,116	
	2.	Inve	stment Income					
	۷.	a.	Interest, Dividends, and Other Income	\$	4,284,896	\$	3,977,335	
		b.	Realized Gains (Losses)	Ψ	656,495	Ψ	4,572,262	
		C.	Unrealized Gains (Losses)		8,811,075		(1,603,462)	
		d.	Investment Expenses		(867,298)		(830,995)	
		e.	Net Investment Income	\$		\$	6,115,140	
	3.	Ron	efits and Refunds					
	٥.	a.	Refunds	\$	(199,848)	\$	(261,878)	
		b.	Regular Monthly Benefits	ڔ	(9,532,523)	ڔ	(9,282,788)	
		D. C.	DROP Distribution		(1,927,440)		(1,016,966)	
		d.	Total	\$	(11,659,811)	\$	(10,561,632)	
	4.	Adm	ninistrative and Miscellaneous Expenses	\$	(147,348)	\$	(141,005)	
C.	Mar	ket V	alue of Assets at End of Year	\$	194,072,809	\$	184,018,384	
D	Res	erves						
J.	1.		tive Benefits	\$	(321,997)	\$	(360,060)	
	1. 2.		P Accounts	Ş		Ş	(360,069) (16,197,552)	
	3.		l Reserves	\$	(17,368,664) (17,690,661)	\$	(16,197,552) (16,557,621)	
E.	Mar	ket V	alue Net of Reserves	\$	176,382,148	\$	167,460,763	



RECONCILIATION OF DROP ACCOUNTS										
Value at beginning of year	\$	16,197,552								
Payments credited to accounts	+	1,939,492								
Investment Earnings credited	+	1,159,060								
Withdrawals from accounts		1,927,440								
Value at end of year		17,368,664								



DERIVATION OF ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

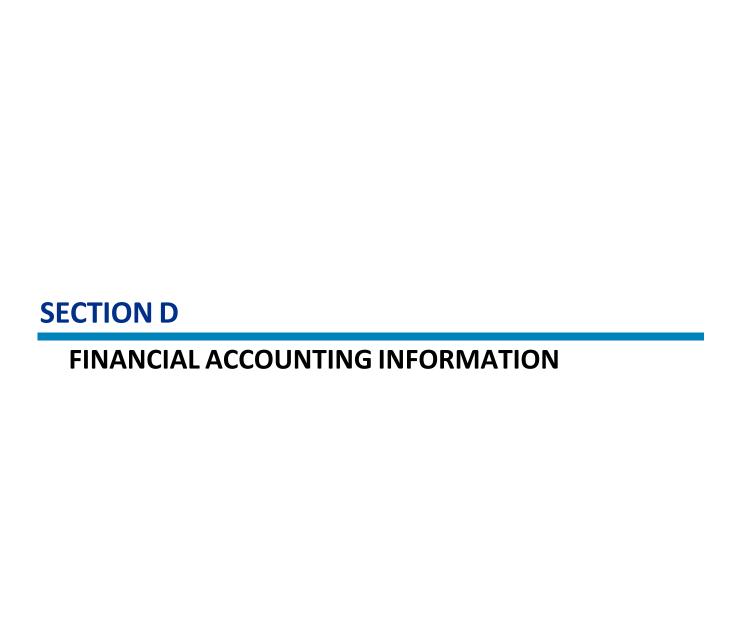
Valuation Date - September 30	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
A. Actuarial Value of Assets Beginning of Year	\$ 172,284,956	\$ 183,328,096	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-
B. Market Value End of Year	184,018,384	194,072,809	-	-	-	-
C. Market Value Beginning of Year	179,720,765	184,018,384	-	-	-	-
D. Non-Investment/Administrative Net Cash Flow	(1,817,521)	(2,830,743)	-	-	-	-
E. Investment Income						
E1. Actual Market Total: B-C-D	6,115,140	12,885,168	-	-	-	-
E2. Assumed Rate of Return	7.18%	7.08%	6.90%	6.80%	6.70%	6.60%
E3. Assumed Amount of Return	12,567,615	13,137,463	-	-	-	-
E4. Amount Subject to Phase-In: E1–E3	(6,452,475)	(252,295)	-	-	-	-
F. Phase-In Recognition of Investment Income						
F1. Current Year: 0.20 x E4	(1,290,495)	(50,459)	-	-	-	-
F2. First Prior Year	677,058	(1,290,495)	(50,459)	-	-	-
F3. Second Prior Year	1,308,088	677,058	(1,290,495)	(50,459)	-	-
F4. Third Prior Year	1,204,918	1,308,088	677,058	(1,290,495)	(50,459)	-
F5. Fourth Prior Year	(1,606,523)	1,204,919	1,308,088	677,057	(1,290,495)	(50,459)
F6. Total Phase-Ins	293,046	1,849,111	644,192	(663,897)	(1,340,954)	(50,459)
G. Actuarial Value of Assets End of Year						
G1. Preliminary Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 183,328,096	\$ 195,483,927	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-
G2. Upper Corridor Limit: 120%*B	220,822,061	232,887,371	-	-	-	-
G3. Lower Corridor Limit: 80%*B	147,214,707	155,258,247	-	-	-	-
G4. Funding Value End of Year	183,328,096	195,483,927	-	-	-	-
G5. Less: DROP Account	16,197,552	17,368,664	-	-	-	-
G6. Less: Elective Contributions	360,069	321,997				
G7. Funding Value End of Year	166,770,475	177,793,266	-	-	-	-
H. Difference between Market & Actuarial Value	\$ 690,288	\$ (1,411,118)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-
I. Actuarial Rate of Return	7.35%	8.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
J. Market Value Rate of Return	3.35%	6.92%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
K. Ratio of Actuarial Value of Assets to Market Value	99.62%	100.73%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
K. Ratio of Actuarial Value of Assets to Market Value	99.62%	100.73%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%



INVESTMENT RATE OF RETURN

	Investment Rate of Return					
Year Ended	Market Value	Actuarial Value				
12/31/88	NA	10.8 %				
12/31/89	NA	17.4				
9/30/90 (9 mos.)	NA	(2.3)				
9/30/91	NA	9.9				
9/30/92	NA	9.5				
9/30/93	NA	11.0				
9/30/94	NA	8.0				
9/30/95	NA	9.3				
9/30/96	NA	9.4				
9/30/97	24.6 %	13.3				
9/30/98	8.6	14.5				
9/30/99	11.5	13.2				
9/30/00	9.8	12.3				
9/30/01	(9.4)	3.9				
9/30/02	(6.4)	0.2				
9/30/03	14.8	0.8				
9/30/04	6.9	0.5				
9/30/05	10.5	6.2				
9/30/06	6.8	9.7				
9/30/07	14.3	9.3				
9/30/08	(15.0)	4.6				
9/30/09	(0.3)	0.1				
9/30/10	8.5	4.3				
9/30/11	(0.5)	2.8				
9/30/12	17.8	4.5				
9/30/13	13.7	6.9				
9/30/14	10.0	12.1				
9/30/15	1.2	6.7				
9/30/16	12.3	7.6				
9/30/17	11.6	8.4				
9/30/18	9.0	8.6				
9/30/19	3.4	7.3				
9/30/20	6.9	8.1				
Average Returns:	0.6.24					
Last Five Years	8.6 %	8.0 %				
Last Ten Years	8.4 %	7.3 %				
All Years	6.7 %	7.5 %				





	FASB NO. 35 INFORM	IATION			
Α.	Valuation Date	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2019		
В.	Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits				
	1. Vested Benefits				
	a. Members Currently Receiving Paymentsb. Terminated Vested Membersc. Other Membersd. Total	\$ 126,753,777 6,865,192 46,151,766 179,770,735	\$ 123,013,972 6,515,079 44,958,946 174,487,997		
	2. Non-Vested Benefits	3,365,228	764,891		
	3. Total Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits: 1d + 2	183,135,963	175,252,888		
	4. Accumulated Contributions of Active Members	11,630,910	11,553,866		
C.	Changes in the Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits				
	1. Total Value at Beginning of Year	175,252,888	168,180,460		
	2. Increase (Decrease) During the Period Attributable to:				
	a. Plan Amendment	0	0		
	b. Change in Actuarial Assumptionsc. Latest Member Data, Benefits Accumulated	61,254	1,768,781		
	and Decrease in the Discount Period	19,493,684	16,574,798		
	d. Benefits Paid (Net basis)	(11,671,863)	(11,271,151)		
	e. Net Increase	7,883,075	7,072,428		
	3. Total Value at End of Period	183,135,963	175,252,888		
D.	Market Value of Assets	176,382,148	167,460,763		
E.	Funded Ratio: D / C3	96.3 %	95.6 %		
F.	Actuarial Assumptions - See page entitled Actuarial Assumptions and Methods				



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS GASB Statement No. 67

Fiscal year ending September 30,	2021*	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability								
Service Cost	\$ 4,091,360	\$ 3,594,993	\$ 3,461,314	\$ 3,435,186	\$ 3,115,194	\$ 2,990,326	\$ 2,954,646	\$ 2,968,214
Interest	14,905,514	14,494,818	14,109,905	13,626,918	12,836,669	12,699,614	11,691,291	11,192,833
Benefit Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,680,646	-
Difference between actual & expected								
experience	(301,927)	244,463	(276,923)	484,186	2,006,523	(4,891,541)	1,191,720	(13,973)
Assumption Changes	(473,796)	1,947,549	2,245,392	1,800,889	4,538,235	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(12,494,657)	(11,459,963)	(10,299,754)	(9,810,800)	(9,609,277)	(8,304,937)	(7,593,403)	(7,796,109)
Refunds	(155,362)	(199,848)	(261,878)	(158,309)	(139,840)	(211,319)	(191,378)	(198,139)
Other (Contributions Toward Elective								
Benefits)		28,902	28,664	30,897	34,453	36,826	40,842	44,092
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	5,571,132	8,650,914	9,006,720	9,408,967	12,781,957	2,318,969	13,774,364	6,196,918
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	212,763,512	204,112,598	195,105,878	185,696,911	172,914,954	170,595,985	156,821,621	150,624,703
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$218,334,644	\$212,763,512	\$204,112,598	\$195,105,878	\$185,696,911	\$172,914,954	\$170,595,985	\$156,821,621
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - Employer	\$ 7,468,676	\$ 7,289,319	\$ 7,320,463	\$ 7,110,298	\$ 6,951,693	\$ 7,615,053	\$ 7,273,068	\$ 6,780,773
Contributions - Member	1,730,115	1,687,097	1,564,653	1,532,846	1,520,068	1,450,369	1,439,239	1,492,985
Net Investment Income	13,524,542	12,885,168	6,115,140	15,250,355	17,730,273	16,354,236	1,605,790	11,833,483
Benefit Payments	(12,494,657)	(11,459,963)	(10,299,754)	(9,810,800)	(9,609,277)	(8,304,937)	(7,593,403)	(7,796,109)
Refunds	(155,362)	(199,848)	(261,878)	(158,309)	(139,840)	(211,319)	(191,378)	(198,139)
Administrative Expense	(147,348)	(147,348)	(141,005)	(137,738)	(144,179)	(141,114)	(142,577)	(135,227)
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	9,925,966	10,054,425	4,297,619	13,786,652	16,308,738	16,762,288	2,390,739	11,977,766
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	194,072,809	184,018,384	179,720,765	165,934,113	149,625,375	132,863,087	130,472,348	118,494,582
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$203,998,775	\$194,072,809	\$184,018,384	\$179,720,765	\$165,934,113	\$149,625,375	\$132,863,087	\$130,472,348
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	14,335,869	18,690,703	20,094,214	15,385,113	19,762,798	23,289,579	37,732,898	26,349,273
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage								
of Total Pension Liability	93.43 %	91.22 %	90.16 %	92.11 %	89.36 %	86.53 %	77.88 %	83.20 %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 24,715,933	\$ 23,688,500	\$ 21,942,700	\$ 21,456,414	\$ 21,223,071	\$ 20,193,471	\$ 19,977,100	\$ 20,698,471
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage								
of Covered Employee Payroll	58.00 %	78.90 %	91.58 %	71.70 %	93.12 %	115.33 %	188.88 %	127.30 %

^{*}These figures are estimates only. Actual figures will be provided after the end of the fiscal year.



SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY GASB Statement No. 67

FY Ending September 30,	Total Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Covered Employee Payroll	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2014	\$156,821,621	\$ 130,472,348	\$ 26,349,273	83.20%	\$20,698,471	127.30%
2015	170,595,985	132,863,087	37,732,898	77.88%	19,977,100	188.88%
2016	172,914,954	149,625,375	23,289,579	86.53%	20,193,471	115.33%
2017	185,696,911	165,934,113	19,762,798	89.36%	21,223,071	93.12%
2018	195,105,878	179,720,765	15,385,113	92.11%	21,456,414	71.70%
2019	204,112,598	184,018,384	20,094,214	90.16%	21,942,700	91.58%
2020	212,763,512	194,072,809	18,690,703	91.22%	23,688,500	78.90%
2021*	218,334,644	203,998,775	14,335,869	93.43%	24,715,933	58.00%

^{*} These figures are estimates only. Actual figures will be provided after the end of the fiscal year.



NOTES TO NET PENSION LIABILITY GASB Statement No. 67

Valuation Date: October 1, 2020 Measurement Date: September 30, 2021

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Net Pension Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.25% to 8.10% depending on years of completed service, including

inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition

Mortality PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below-Median Employee

Mortality Table (for pre-retirement mortality) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below-Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table (for postretirement mortality), with separate rates for males and females and mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. For males, the base mortality rates are set back one year. These are the same rates currently in use for Regular (other than K-12 School Instructional Personnel) members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), as

mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.

Other Information:

Notes See Discussion of Valuation Results on Page 1.

Assumption changes reflect the following changes:

-The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.08% to 6.90%.

-The mortality assumption was updated to the current mortality assumption being used by the Florida Retirement System, which was updated effective July 1, 2019 by the FRS, as required by Florida Statutes.

-Based on the Experience Study dated November 18, 2020, new salary increase rates, retirement rates, and separation rates were adopted

to reflect observed experience over the 7-year experience study

period reviewed.



SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS GASB Statement No. 67

FY Ending	Actuarially Determined	Actual	Contribution Deficiency	Covered Employee	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered
September 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Employee Payroll
2014	\$ 6,780,773	\$ 6,780,773	\$ -	\$ 20,698,471	32.76%
2015	7,273,067	7,273,068	(1)	19,977,100	36.41%
2016	7,608,338	7,615,053	(6,715)	20,193,471	37.71%
2017	6,951,693	6,951,693	-	21,223,071	32.76%
2018	7,110,298	7,110,298	-	21,456,414	33.14%
2019	7,320,463	7,320,463	-	21,942,700	33.36%
2020	7,289,319	7,289,319	-	23,688,500	30.77%
2021*	7,468,676	7,468,676	-	24,715,933	30.22%

^{*} These figures are estimates only. Actual figures will be provided after the end of the fiscal year.



NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS GASB Statement No. 67

Valuation Date: October 1, 2019

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in

which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 6 years (Single equivalent amortization period)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.8%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 8.6% depending on years of completed service, including

inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.08%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table (for pre-

retirement mortality) and the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants (for postretirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. These are the same rates used for Non-Special Risk Class members in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63(1)(f) mandates the use of the mortality tables used in either of the two most recently published

actuarial valuation reports of FRS.

Other Information:

Notes See Discussion of Valuation Results on Page 1 of the October 1, 2019

Actuarial Valuation Report dated February 19, 2020.



SINGLE DISCOUNT RATE GASB Statement No. 67

A single discount rate of 6.90% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (6.90%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption*

Current Single Discount									
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase							
5.90%	6.90%	7.90%							
\$39,231,912	\$14,335,869	(\$4,392,864)							

^{*} These figures are estimates only. Actual figures will be provided after the end of the fiscal year.





MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

	RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERSHIP DATA								
		From 10/1/19 To 10/1/20	From 10/1/18 To 10/1/19						
Α.	Active Members								
1.	Number Included in Last Valuation	366	372						
2.	New Members Included in Current Valuation	87	44						
	Non-Vested Employment Terminations	(22)	(25)						
l	Vested Employment Terminations	(7)	(8)						
	DROP Participation	(8)	(9)						
6.	Service Retirements	(7)	(8)						
7.	Disability Retirements	0	0						
8.	Deaths	(1)	0						
9.	Other Data Adjustments	0_	0						
10.	Number Included in This Valuation	408	366						
B.	Terminated Vested Members								
1.	Number Included in Last Valuation	50	51						
2.	Additions from Active Members	7	8						
3.	Lump Sum Payments/Refund of Contributions	(2)	(2)						
4.		(3)	(6)						
5.	Deaths	0	(1)						
6.	Other	0	0						
7.	Number Included in This Valuation	52	50						
C.	DROP Plan Members								
1.	Number Included in Last Valuation	47	45						
	Additions from Active Members	8	9						
3.	Retirements	(21)	(7)						
4.	Deaths Resulting in No Further Payments	, ,	Ô						
5.	Other Data Adjustments	0	0						
6.	Number Included in This Valuation	34	47						
D.	Service Retirees, Disability Retirees and Beneficiari	es							
1.	Number Included in Last Valuation	392	375						
2.	Additions from Active Members	7	8						
3.	Additions from Terminated Vested Members	3	6						
4.	Additions from DROP Plan	21	7						
5.	Deaths Resulting in No Further Payments	(17)	(4)						
6.	Deaths Resulting in New Survivor Benefits	1	0						
7.	End of Certain Period - No Further Payments	0	0						
8.	Other Data Adjustments	0	0						
9.	Number Included in This Valuation	407	392						



ACTIVES – DISTRIBUTION OF SERVICE & SALARY

	Years of Service to Valuation Date											
Age Group	0-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 & Up	Totals
15-19 NO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOT PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AVG PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24 NO.	6	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
TOT PAY	234,775	40,278	0	0	88,021	0	0	0	0	0	0	363,074
AVG PAY	39,129	40,278	0	0	44,010	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,342
25-29 NO.	17	7	1	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	32
TOT PAY	769,014	331,793	39,682	98,294	76,942	133,189	0	0	0	0	0	1,448,914
AVG PAY	45,236	47,399	39,682	49,147	38,471	44,396	0	0	0	0	0	45,279
30-34 NO.	14	7	4	11	6	11	1	0	0	0	0	54
TOT PAY	585,559	313,659	206,405	510,976	394,397	605,505	45,224	0	0	0	0	2,661,725
AVG PAY	41,826	44,808	51,601	46,452	65,733	55,046	45,224	0	0	0	0	49,291
35-39 NO.	11	7	4	3	2	12	6	2	0	0	0	47
TOT PAY	736,566	483,801	243,576	112,624	128,876	728,403	372,496	123,921	0	0	0	2,930,263
AVG PAY	66,961	69,114	60,894	37,541	64,438	60,700	62,083	61,960	0	0	0	62,346
40-44 NO.	10	1	4	3	6	9	3	3	7	0	0	46
TOT PAY	394,164	77,708	232,851	152,724	292,807	510,675	182,825	193,913	474,954	0	0	2,512,621
AVG PAY	39,416	77,708	58,213	50,908	48,801	56,742	60,942	64,638	67,851	0	0	54,622
45-49 NO.	11	2	4	3	1	11	13	8	8	1	0	62
TOT PAY	558,183	104,982	218,675	231,411	46,902	657,688	884,467	509,352	558,928	65,088	0	3,835,676
AVG PAY	50,744	52,491	54,669	77,137	46,902	59,790	68,036	63,669	69,866	65,088	0	61,866
50-54 NO.	7	7	2	1	0	8	8	3	18	5	0	59
TOT PAY	428,649	403,642	91,321	38,151	0	487,688	538,249	237,382	1,223,788	350,273	0	3,799,143
AVG PAY	61,236	57,663	45,660	38,151	0	60,961	67,281	79,127	67,988	70,055	0	64,392
55-59 NO.	6	4	2	1	1	8	9	12	10	2	0	
TOT PAY	358,353	279,603	106,284	42,930	99,408	628,252	667,422	796,244	749,385	161,835	0	3,889,716
AVG PAY	59,725	69,901	53,142	42,930	99,408	78,532	74,158	66,354	74,938	80,918	0	70,722
60-64 NO.	4	2	1	6	4	5	4	5	3	2	0	36
TOT PAY	193,221	108,452	39,452	444,266	321,739	265,299	211,071	269,971	230,173	135,331	0	2,218,975
AVG PAY	48,305	54,226	39,452	74,044	80,435	53,060	52,768	53,994	76,724	67,666	0	61,638
65-99 NO.	1	1	0	0	0	3	1	1	1	0	0	8
TOT PAY	70,719	85,660	0	0	0	236,767	72,902	53,775		0	0	589,979
AVG PAY	70,719	85,660	0	0	0	78,922	72,902	53,775	70,156	0	0	73,747
TOT NO.	87	39	22	30	24	70	45	34	47	10	0	408
TOT AMT		2,229,578				4,253,466				712,527	0	24,250,086
AVG AMT	49,761	57,169	53,557	54,379	60,379	60,764	66,103	64,252		71,253	0	



INACTIVES – DISTRIBUTION OF AGES & ANNUAL BENEFITS

	Tauminat	ad Mastad	D'addad		Detine d		Deceased with	
	Terminated Vested		Disabled		Retired		Beneficiary	
		Total		Total		Total		Total
Age	Number	Benefits	Number	Benefits	Number	Benefits	Number	Benefits
Under 20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20-24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25-29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30-34	2	25,623	-	-	-	-	-	-
35-39	4	65,494	-	-	-	-	1	20,221
40-44	9	146,939	-	-	-	-	-	-
45-49	12	234,195	-	-	1	30,944	-	-
50-54	10	201,149	-	-	9	426,589	1	11,503
55-59	9	133,896	-	-	57	2,125,886	3	46,505
60-64	6	116,764	-	-	81	2,789,116	6	97,721
65-69	-	-	-	-	77	2,333,142	3	75,431
70-74	-	-	-	-	71	1,849,038	4	37,607
75-79	-	-	-	-	54	1,207,347	7	67,450
80-84	-	-	1	5,717	27	429,689	4	61,488
85-89	-	-	-	-	23	308,335	1	2,602
90-94	-	-	-	-	8	58,873	1	25,354
95-99	-	-	-	-	1	6,024	-	-
100 & Over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	52	924,060	1	5,717	409	11,564,983	31	445,882
Average Age		50		80		70		70
Liability		6,865,192		44,909		122,404,953		4,303,915





SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

A. Ordinances

Plan established under the Code of Ordinances for the City of Boynton Beach, Florida, Chapter 18, Article II, and was most recently amended under Ordinance No.15-008 passed and adopted on its second reading on March 2, 2015. The Plan is also governed by certain provisions of Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes and the Internal Revenue Code.

B. Effective Date

April 1, 1968

C. Plan Year

October 1 through September 30

D. Type of Plan

Qualified, governmental defined benefit retirement plan; for GASB purposes it is a single employer plan.

E. Eligibility Requirements

All general employees who work at least 30 hours per week are eligible to participate on the first day of employment.

F. Credited Service

Service in the employment of the City is measured as years and months and is computed to the nearest whole month. No service is credited for any periods of employment for which the member received a refund of their contributions.

G. Compensation

Gross earnings including overtime, but excluding bonuses and flexible benefits, payments for unused accumulated sick and vacation pay in excess of the amount accumulated as of June 17, 2013, and overtime in excess of 300 hours per year. Prior to June 18, 2013, all unused accumulated sick and vacation pay and all overtime were included in the definition of pensionable compensation.

H. Final Average Monthly Compensation (FAMC)

The average of Compensation over the highest 60 consecutive months during the last 120 months of Credited Service. The amount of accumulated unused sick and vacation hours included in pensionable salary shall be limited to the lesser of the amount as of June 17, 2013 or the amount paid at retirement.



I. Normal Retirement

Eligibility: A member may retire on the first day of the month coincident with or next following

the earliest of:

(1) age 62 and 5 years of Credited Service, or

(2) age 55 and 25 years of Credited Service, or

(3) 30 years of Credited Service regardless of age.

Benefit: 3% of FAMC multiplied by years of Credited Service with a maximum equal to 75% of

FAMC.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Single life annuity; other options are also available.

COLA: In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that

investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative

losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

J. Early Retirement

Eligibility: A member who has less than 30 years of Credited Service may elect to retire earlier

than the Normal Retirement Eligibility upon the earlier of:

(1) age 55 and 10 years of Credited Service, or

(2) age 52 and 25 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: The Normal Retirement Benefit is reduced by 3% for each year by which the Early

Retirement date precedes the Normal Retirement date.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Single life annuity; other options are also available.

COLA: In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that

investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative

losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

K. Delayed Retirement

Same as Normal Retirement taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of actual retirement.



L. Service Connected Disability

Eligibility: Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled and is unable to

perform all the material duties of their occupation as a result from an act occurring

in the performance of service for the City is eligible for a disability benefit.

Benefit: The accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned

and service credited as of the date of disability. The benefit is payable on the

member's Normal Retirement date.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Single life annuity; other options are also available.

COLA: In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that

investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative

losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

M. Non-Service Connected Disability

Eligibility: Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled and is unable to

perform all the material duties of their occupation is eligible for a disability benefit.

Benefit: The accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned

and service credited as of the date of disability. The benefit is payable on the

member's Normal Retirement date.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Single life annuity; other options are also available.

COLA: In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that

investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative

losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

N. Death in the Line of Duty

Eligibility: Any member with 5 or more years of Credited Service whose death is determined to

be the result of a service incurred injury is eligible for survivor benefits.

Benefit: Beneficiary will have the choice of receiving either an immediate lump sum payment

or a monthly survivor benefit.



The immediate lump sum payment will be the greater of a refund of the member's contributions with interest at the annual rate of 5%, or the lump sum value of the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit payable at the earliest retirement date.

The monthly survivor benefit will be equal to the accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of death with payments starting at the earliest retirement date. If the "earliest date" precedes the member's Normal Retirement Date, then the accrued benefit will be subject to the Early Retirement reduction.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Optional lump sum or a monthly benefit payable for the life of the beneficiary.

COLA: In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that

investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative

losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

The beneficiary of a plan member with less than 5 years of Credited Service at the time of death will receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions with

interest at 5.0%.

O. Other Pre-Retirement Death

Eligibility: Members are eligible for survivor benefits after the completion of 5 or more years of

Credited Service.

Benefit: Beneficiary will have the choice of receiving either an immediate lump sum payment

or a monthly survivor benefit.

The immediate lump sum payment will be the greater of a refund of the member's contributions with interest at the annual rate of 5%, or the lump sum value of the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit payable at the earliest retirement

date.

The monthly survivor benefit will be equal to the accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of death with payments starting at the earliest retirement date. If the "earliest date" precedes the member's Normal Retirement Date, then the accrued benefit will be

subject to the Early Retirement reduction.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Optional lump sum or a monthly benefit payable for the life of the beneficiary.



COLA: In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that

investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative

losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

The beneficiary of a plan member with less than 5 years of Credited Service at the time of death will receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions with

interest.

P. Post Retirement Death

Benefit determined by the form of benefit elected upon retirement.

Q. Optional Forms

In lieu of electing the Normal Form of benefit, the optional form of benefit available to all retirees is the 66 2/3% Joint and Survivor Annuity option. A Social Security option is also available for members retiring prior to the time they are eligible for Social Security retirement benefits. Upon approval of the Plan Administrator, other options are also available as long as actuarial equivalence is maintained.

R. Vested Termination

Eligibility: A member has earned a non-forfeitable right to Plan benefits after the completion of

5 years of Credited Service if they elect to leave their accumulated contributions in

the fund.

Benefit: The benefit is the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit as of the date of

termination. The benefit begins at either age 62, at age 55 if the member had or would have had 25 or more years of Credited Service on or before attaining age 55, or at the age at which the member would have had 25 years of Credited Service (had

employment continued) if this age is between ages 55 and 62.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Single life annuity; other options are also available.

COLA: In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that

investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative

losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

Members terminating employment with less than 5 years of Credited Service will receive a refund of their own accumulated contributions with interest.



S. Refunds

Eligibility: All members terminating employment with less than 5 years of Credited Service are

eligible. Optionally, vested members (those with 5 or more years of Credited Service)

may elect a refund in lieu of the vested benefits otherwise due.

Benefit: Refund of the member's contributions with interest. Interest is currently credited at

5% per annum.

T. Member Contributions

7% of Compensation.

U. Employer Contributions

The amount determined by the actuary needed to fund the plan properly according to State laws.

V. Cost of Living Increases

In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

W. 13th Check

As described under the COLA subsections, in lieu of COLA increases a thirteenth check will be paid to retirees on each July 1st following a fiscal year in which the net investment return exceeds the assumed rate of investment return and the Plan has experienced a cumulative gain.

X. Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Eligibility: Plan members who have met one of the following criteria are eligible for the DROP:

- (1) age 62 and 5 years of Credited Service, or
- (2) age 55 and 25 years of Credited Service, or
- (3) 30 years of Credited Service regardless of age.

Members must make a written election to participate in the DROP within the first 30

years of employment.

Benefit: The member's Credited Service and FAMC are frozen upon entry into the DROP. The

monthly retirement benefit as described under Normal Retirement is calculated

based upon the frozen Credited Service and FAMC.

Maximum

DROP Period: 5 years



Interest

Credited: The member's DROP account is credited at an interest rate based upon the option

chosen by the member. Members must elect from 1 of the 3 following options:

- 1. Gain or loss at the same rate earned by the Plan, or
- 2. Guaranteed rate of 7%, or
- 3. A percentage of the DROP credited at the same rate earned by the Plan and the remaining percentage credited with earnings at a guaranteed rate of 7%.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Options include a lump sum or an annuity.

COLA: In lieu of receiving a COLA, a supplemental benefit may be paid in years that

investment return exceeds the assumed rate of return. The amount that investment return exceeds the assumed return will be divided equally among all participants. The supplemental benefit will not be paid if the Plan has experienced cumulative

losses from all sources after October 1, 2001.

Y. Other Ancillary Benefits

There are no ancillary retirement type benefits not required by statutes but which might be deemed a City of Boynton Beach Employees' Pension Plan liability if continued beyond the availability of funding by the current funding source.

Z. Changes from Previous Valuation

None.

